FOREST INSECT AND DISEASE MANAGEMENT UNIT U.S. FOREST SERVICE DORAVILLE, GEORGIA

REPORT OF AERIAL DETECTION SURVEY

LAND OWNERSHIP OR SURVEY AREA:

Pedlar, Lee, New Castle, Blacksburg, Wythe and Glenwood Ranger Districts, George Washington and Jefferson National Forests

STATE: Virginia

AREA WITHIN SURVEY BOUNDARY: 1,739,059 acres

DATE SURVEYED: 6/20/77-7/26/77

PERCENT COVERAGE: 50%

AIRCRAFT: Cessna 182

CREW: W. A. Carothers

P. A. Mistretta

C. W. Dull

R. F. Bassett

SURVEY OBJECTIVES: To locate forest insect and disease problems within the boundaries of the George Washington and Jefferson National Forests.

SURVEY RESULTS

No new areas of serious forest insect or disease damage were detected. However, many old southern pine beetle spots caused by the recent outbreak were still evident. Two spots which appeared to be the most recent infestations were ground checked and determined to be inactive.

Areas of defoliation covering thousands of acres were detected. Several of these areas were ground checked and the defoliation was caused by the locust leaf miner, Ottontota dorsalis Thunberg on black locust, Robinia pseudoacacia. Although defoliation by the locust leaf miner occurs on an annual basis in many areas of Virginia, tree mortality seldom results.

CONCLUSIONS

- 1. Southern pine beetle activity is at a low level.
- 2. No control measures need to be taken for locust leaf miner defoliation.
- 3. Field surveillance by National Forest personnel should continue to insure early detection of forest insect or disease problems.

For any additional information, Contact Forest Insect & Disease Management Unit, S&PF USFS - Southeastern Area

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